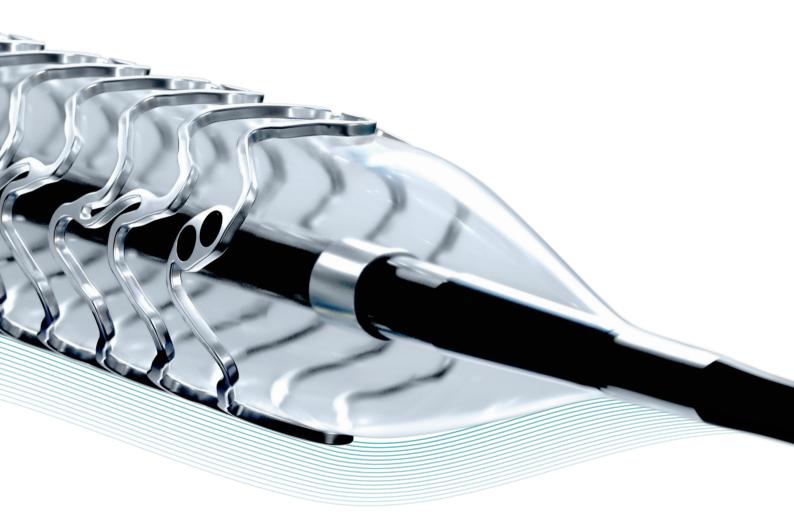
Magmaris® In a class of its own





Confirmed clinical safety and efficacy*



Fast Magnesium resorption time



Better deliverability





Magmaris

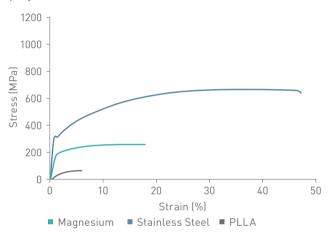
In a class of its own

Why Magnesium?

Magnesium alloy: favorable mechanical properties of a robust Magnesium backbone

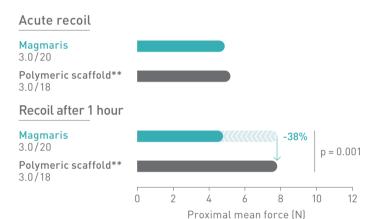
Robust Magnesium backbone

The mechanical strength of Magnesium is superior to polymers like PLLA.¹



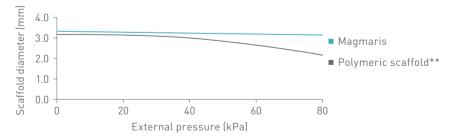
Stable recoil

Magmaris has a 38% lower recoil after 1 hour.²



Strong radial resistance

No significant diameter change under increasing physiological pressure.³



Rounded edges and smooth surface

The electropolished rounded edges and smooth surface of the Magmaris scaffold generate less resistance during delivery of the scaffold to the lesion.



^{**}Absorb, Abbott



Confirmed clinical safety and efficacy*

Confidence through evidence

Magmaris	24 months (First cohort) BIOSOLVE-IV' (n=1,071) 6.6% TLF**	0.5%° Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis
	36 months BIOSOLVE-II/-III 5 (n=174) 6.3% TLF**	0.0% Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis
	60 months BIOSOLVE-II ⁶ (n=121) 8.0% TLF **	0.0% Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis
Precursor	36 months BIOSOLVE-I ⁷ (n=46) 6.6% TLF**	0.0% Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis

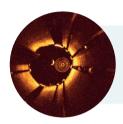
^{*} Based on BIOSOLVE-II, -II/-III and -IV, for patient populations see study details.

^{**} Target Lesion Failure (TLF) defined as a composite of Cardiac Death, Target-Vessel Myocardial Infarction (TV-MI), emergent Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting (CABG), and Clinically-Driven Target Lesion Revascularization (CD-TLR).

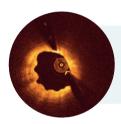
[°] Four out of five cases having early antiplatelet or anticoagulant interruption at post procedure.

Fast resorption time

~95% of Magnesium resorbed at 12 months8



OCT post implantation⁹ Immediately after implantation, struts are well apposed to the vessel wall.



OCT at 6 months⁹
While the Magnesium
resorption process continues,
endothelialization progresses.



OCT at 12 months⁹
At 12 months after implantation, the Magnesium resorption is almost completed.



OCT at 36 months⁹ At 36 months the lumen is well preserved with a homogeneous surface.







Magmaris better

than polymeric

scaffolds10,

A more deliverable scaffold

More than 70% of physicians who have used Magmaris RMS in clinical practice have rated the device to be better than a polymeric scaffold. 10*

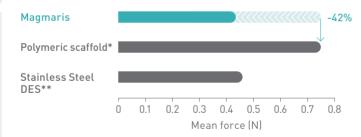
Better lesion crossing

Up to 40% lower lesion entry and crossing force. 11



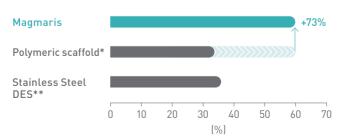
Better trackability in tortuous anatomy

42% less peak force.¹²



Better pushability

73% more force transmitted from hub to tip. 13



Stent/Scaffold strut thickness in perspective

Magmaris RMS







Stainless Steel





^{**}BioFreedom, Biosensors

Magmaris[®]

Vascular Intervention Coronary



Indicated for de novo coronary artery lesions.*

Technical Data		Scaffold			11
Scaffold material Markers Active coating Drug dose Strut thickness/width			Proprietary Magnesium alloy		
		Markers			Two tantalum markers at each end
		Active coat	ing		BIOlute (resorbable Poly-L-Lactide (PLLA) eluting a limus drug)
		Drug dose			1.4 µg/mm²
		Strut thick	ness/width		150 μm / 150 μm
		Maximum expandable diameter Delivery system Catheter type Recommended guide catheter		eter	Nominal Diameter +0.6 mm
					Rapid exchange
				ter	6F (min. I.D. 0.070")
		Crossing profile			1.5 mm
		Guide wire diameter			0.014"
		Usable catheter length			140 cm
		Balloon material			Semi-crystalline polymer
		Coating (distal shaft)			Dual coated
		Marker bands			Two swaged platinum-iridium markers
		Proximal shaft diameter			2.0F
		Distal shaft diameter			2.9F
Nominal pressure (NP)			10 atm		
		Rated burst pressure (RBP)			16 atm
Compliance Chart B		Balloon dia	imeter (mm)		
		ø 3.00			ø 3.50
Nominal Pressure	atm**	10			10
(NP)	ø (mm)	3.00			3.54
Rated Burst Pressure	atm**	16			16
(RBP)	ø (mm)	3.29			3.82
Ordering Information		Scaffold ø (mm)	Scaffold length (mm)		**1 atm = 1.013 bar
			15	20	25
		3.00	412526	412527	412528
		3.50	412529	412530	412531

1-3, 10-13. BIOTRONIK data on file; 4. Torzewski J. Safety and performance of Magmaris at 24-month follow-up of BIOSOLVE-IV. Presented at: eEuroPCR; 2021; virtual congress. ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT02817802; 5. Haude M, Ince H, Kische S, et al. Sustained safety and performance of the second-generation sirolimus-eluting absorbable metal scaffold: Pooled outcomes of the BIOSOLVE-II and -III trials at 3 years. Cardiovascular Revascularization Medicine. 2020. doi: 10.1016/j.carrev.2020.04.006; 6. Haude M. Long-term clinical data of the BIOSOLVE-II study with the drug-eluting absorbable metal scaffold in the treatment of subjects with de novo lesions in native coronary arteries - BIOSOLVE-II. Presented at: e-Course PCR; June 25, 2020; Paris, France. ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT01960504; 7. Haude M, Erbel R, Erne P, et al. Safety and performance of the Drug-Eluting Absorbable Metal Scaffold (DREAMS) in patients with de novo coronary lesions: 3-year results of the prospective, multicenter, first-in-man BIOSOLVE-I trial. EuroIntervention. 2016; 12: e160-6. doi: 10.4244/EIJ/16M06_01; 8. Joner M, Ruppelt P, Zumstein P, et al. Preclinical Evaluation of Degradation Kinetics and Elemental Mapping of First and Second Generation Bioresorbable Magnesium Scaffolds. EuroIntervention. 2018 Feb 20. pii: EIJ-D-17-00708. doi: 10.4244/EIJ-D-17-00708. [Epub ahead of print]; 9. BIOSOLVE-II case, GER443-012. Courtesy of M. Haude, Lukaskrankenhaus Neuss, Germany 2015.

BIOSOLVE-I,-II and -IV based on Kaplan-Meier failure estimate analysis including censored observations. The pooled analysis of BIOSOLVE-II and -III based on frequency analysis. The 36-month data of BIOSOLVE-II and -III analysis reflecting a period up to 1'125 days at 3 years. Magmaris and BIOUte are trademarks or registered trademarks of the BIOTRONIK Group of Companies. Absorb is a trademark or registered trademark of the Abbott Group of Companies. BioFreedom is a trademark or registered trademark of Biosensors International Group, Ltd.

*Indication as per IFU.

